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**Notes for pg sem 3**

**Topic :- concept of tribal politics in brief**

**Tribal Politics** refers to the political activities, movements, and issues concerning indigenous or tribal communities within a state. In India, tribal politics focuses on the rights, representation, and development of **Scheduled Tribes (STs)** as recognized by the Constitution.

**Key Concepts:**

**1. Political Representation:**

- Tribal communities have reserved seats in **Parliament** and **State Legislative Assemblies** to ensure political inclusion.
- Political parties often focus on tribal issues to gain support in tribal-dominated regions.

**2. Autonomy and Self-Governance:**

- Constitutional provisions like the **Sixth Schedule** (for northeastern states) grant certain tribal areas autonomous governance through local councils.
- The **Panchayats (Extension to Scheduled Areas) Act, 1996 (PESA)** ensures self-governance for tribes in Scheduled Areas.

**3. Identity Politics:**

- Tribal politics often revolves around preserving cultural identity, language, traditions, and land rights.
- Movements like the **Jharkhand Movement** and **Bodoland Movement** are examples of identity-based tribal political struggles.

**4. Land and Resource Rights:**

- Tribes frequently resist displacement caused by industrialization, mining, and large infrastructure projects.
- Laws like the **Forest Rights Act (2006)** recognize their rights over forest lands and resources.

**5. Development vs. Marginalization:**

- Despite affirmative action, many tribes face poverty, underdevelopment, and social exclusion.
- Tribal politics often debates the balance between economic development and protecting indigenous rights.

## Challenges:

- Exploitation by non-tribal elites
- Lack of proper implementation of welfare schemes
- Political fragmentation within tribal communities

## Conclusion:

Tribal politics in India reflects the struggles of indigenous communities to secure their rights, maintain cultural identity, and gain equitable development, all while navigating the broader framework of Indian democracy.